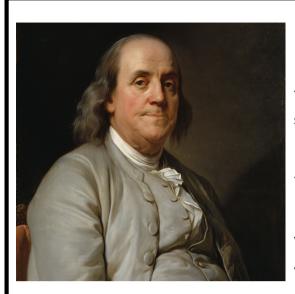
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN



Benjamin Franklin was born in Boston. (January 17, 1706
April 17, 1790) was an American Founding Father, and scientist. Franklin loved books and reading.
Franklin, at the age of 21, established the colonies' first circulation library for all interested citizens. He became rich and famous as a printer, publisher and writer. Later, he sold his businesses and became busy with science and politics.

Benjamin Franklin was very important in Pennsylvanian and early American politics. He was a leader in the city of Philadelphia, where he did many important things. He was the President of the Academy and College of Philadelphia. Later he became a councilman, a Justice of the Peace, later a representative of the city.

He was in the Continental Congress, which led the country during the Revolutionary War, and he helped write the United States Declaration of Independence. He controlled the postal service as Postmaster General. As ambassador to France he helped persuade the French to join the war against Great Britain. He helped negotiate the peace, too. Later, he was part of the group that made the Constitution of the United States.

Franklin was a scientist who studied experiments in an effort to improve or correct them. One of his greatest contributions was in the theory of electricity through the Leyden jar. Most people see Franklin as one of history's greatest inventors. For example, he invented the lightning rod and bifocals, the Franklin stove, and the glass harmonica.

Franklin died in Philadelphia on April 17, 1790.

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Directions: Fill ou	ut BENJAMIN FRANKLIN 's information based on the facts you have read from the previous page.
	ENJAMIN FRANKLIN'S
	PROFILE
Draw Benja	imin Franklin

	Occupation:
	Born - Died:

What I know	w about Benjamin Franklin :
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	Benjamin Franklin's Achievements :
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